2011년 1학년 2학기 중간 늘푸른중 두산(김성곤)

1. 대화의 빈 칸에 가당 알맞은 말은? (3.1점)

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| A :  B : Yes. I’d like one hamburger, one chicken salad, and one Coke.  A : Is that all?  B : Yes.  A : For here or to go?  B : To go please. |

1. May I take your order?
2. How do you like the food?
3. How do you like your steak?
4. What will you have to drink?
5. What would you like for dessert?

2. 다음 글의 Komodo dragons에 관한 설명으로 가장 알맞은 것은? (3.5점)

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| Dragons exist in stories. You know them as the fire-breathing monsters that attack knights and other people. Did you know that dragons exist in real life too? These dragons don’t spit fire, but they are big and unfriendly.  Weighing up to there hundred pounds and growing to twelve feet, Komodo dragons take their name from their home, Komodo Island, in the western Pacific Ocean. A pilot discovered them after making a forced landing there. Of course, no one believed his stories. But when a museum sent scientists to the island, they took pictures and even brought back a few dragons for display. If you are lucky enough to live near a zoo that has Komodo dragons, be sure to see them. |

1. 불을 내뿜는다.
2. 서부 대서양에 있는 섬에 산다.
3. 그것들을 볼 수 있는 동물원도 있다.
4. 박물관에서 그것들을 찾기 위해 비행사를 보냈다.
5. 그것들을 찾기 위해 떠났던 과학자들은 섬에 불시착했다.

3. 단어의 영영 뜻풀이가 알맞지 않은 것은? (3.2점)

1. whole : most important, leading
2. quiet : making, little or no noise
3. weekend : Saturdays and Sundays
4. character : a person who a story or a movie talks about
5. market : a large place where people buy or sell something

4. 밑줄 친 문장 (A)~(E) 중, 대화의 흐름상 가장 어색한 것은? (3.4점)

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| A : What are you going to do this Sunday?  B : (A) I am going to go to the bookstore. Do you want to  come?  A : (B) Of course not. What time shall we meet?  B : (C) Let’s meet at 10 o’clock.  A : (D) Then where shall we meet?  A : Let’s meet in front of our school.  B : (E) Sounds good. See you then! |

① (A) ② (B) ③ (C) ④ (D) ⑤ (E)

5. 글의 내용과 가장 일치하지 않은 것은? (3.5점)

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| Hojin lives in Jeongseon, Gangwon-do. Ms. Johnson is his new English teacher. She is from Australia.  Today, Hojin and Ms. Johnson are at the Jeongseon traditional market. The market opens every five days. Hojin and Ms. Johnson are looking around the market. Two men are making rice cakes. Some women are selling traditional food. One man is selling old things. There are many people in the market. |

1. Hojin과 Ms. Johnson은 학생-교사 사이이다.
2. Hojin과 Ms. Johnson은 현재 강원도에 있다.
3. 정선 장에서는 전통 음식을 사 먹을 수 있다.
4. Hojin과 Ms. Johnson은 시장을 찾고 있는 중이다.
5. 10월 5일에 정선 장이 열렸다면, 다음 정선 장은 10월 10일에 열린다.

[6-서술형1] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

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| Ms. Johnson : Wow! This market is great!  Hojin : Yes, you can find many interesting things in Jeongseon market.  Ms. Johnson : I see. Look! What are they doing?  Hojin : They are making tadpole noodles.  Ms. Johnson : What? Tadpole noodles? Do you eat tadpole?  Hojin : No. The noodles look like tadpole. They are made from com.  Ms. Johnson : That’s interesting! Are they delicious?  Hojin : Yes, they are. I love them.  Ms. Johnson : I am hungry. 우리 점심식사로 뭘 먹을까요?  Hojin : How about tadpole noodles?  Ms. Johnson : Sounds good! Let’s go. |

6. 위 대화의 내용과 가장 일치하는 것은? (3.4점)

1. 올챙이국수는 재료 때문에 생긴 이름이다.
2. Ms. Johnson과 Hojin은 함께 정선 시장에 있다.
3. Ms. Johnson은 올챙이국수의 재료를 알고 있었다.
4. Ms. Johnson은 정선시장이 평범한 곳이라고 생각한다.
5. Ms. Johnson은 이전에 올챙이국수를 먹어 본 적이 있다.

[서술형1] 위 글의 밑줄 친 우리말을 <아래>에 주어진 단어를 모두 포함시켜 영어로 옮겨 쓰시오. (4점)

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| <아래>  have, what, for |

? (8 words?)

7. 빈 칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 말끼리 짝지어진 것은? (3.1점)

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| Nasrredin and a man traveled together. They walked a lot and felt hungry. They went to a restaurant but there was only one fish in the restaurant. So they ordered it. Nasrredin said, “People in my town are very smart. They eat only fish heads and they are (A) for the brain.” The man listened and said, “You are very smart, so can I eat the head?” The man ate the head, and Nasrredin ate the fish body. The man was still hungry. He said to Narredin. “You (B) me, didn’t you?:” |

(A) (B)

1. helpful tracked
2. helpful treated
3. helpful tricked
4. harmful tricked
5. harmful tricked

[8-9] 다음 글을 읽고 anfda에 답하시오.

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| Once upon a time there lived a green frog who **would (A) ever / never** do what his mother told him. If she told him to go to the east, he would go to the west. If she asked him to go up the mountain, he would run down to the river. He didn’t obey mother in anything.  Even when his mother had grown very old, she was still forced to worry about her sin’s future. Already very old, one day she became very ill as well, and thought that she was **(B) far from / near** death. So she called her son and said to him, “My dear son, I shall not live much longer. When I die, do not bury me on the mountain. I want to be buried by the river. Do you understand me?” Saying this was the only way she could be sure that she would be buried on the mountain.  Soon afterwards she died. The young frog was very sad and wept bitterly. Only then did he feel **(C) rejoicing / remorse** for the way he had treated his mother while she was still alive. He decided that from that point on he would do as his mother would have wanted, and so buried her by the riverside.  Whenever it rained, he worried that her grave would be washed away. Until the day he joined her in heaven, the son sat by the river and cried whenever it rained. |

8. 위 글의 내용과 가장 일치하는 것은? (3.9점)

1. The green frog decided to listen to his mother when his mother started to be sick.
2. The green frog’s mother worried about being buried on the mountain.
3. The green frog’s mother was worried about her too obedient son.
4. The green frog regretted his behavior after his mother’s death.
5. The green frog’s mother wanted her son to follow her instruction about her grave.

9. 위 글의 (A)~(C)에 들어갈 가장 알맞은 말끼리 짝지어진 것은? (3.8점)

(A) (B) (C)

1. never - near - rejoicing
2. never - near - remorse
3. ever - far from - rejoicing
4. ever - far from - remorse
5. ever - near - remorse

10. 다음 문장에 이어질 대화의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은? (3.7점)

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| A : What will you be in the future? |

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| (A) Then, you can be a good fashion designer, I think.  (B) Oh, no. You can’t be all of them. What do you like?  (C) Well, I’ll be a fashion designer, a dancer, a teacher, a  doctor, a soccer player and a cook.  (D) I love clothes and I can draw well. |

1. (A) – (C) – (B) – (D)
2. (C) – (B) – (D) – (A)
3. (C) – (A) – (B) – (D)
4. (D) – (B) – (C) – (A)
5. (D) – (A) – (C) – (B)

[11-12] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

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| (A) Beatrix wrote many stories about animals. Her first book, *The Tale of Peter Rabbit*, came out in 1902. (B) Children all over the world loved it, and she became very rich and famous. (C) She bought land in the Lake District because she wanted to live there. Finally, she moved there in 1913. (D) Beatrix hoped protect the natural beauty of the lake District, so she bought a lot of land. She died in 1943, and she left all her land to the National Trust. \* Now, her land is a part if a national park. (E) Many people visit the park and enjoy the beautiful lakes and mountains.  \* National Trust : 1895년 영국에서 처음 시작된 자연 신탁 국민운동으로, 시민들의 자발적인 모금이나 기부를 통해 보존가치가 있는 자연자원과 문화자산을 확보하여 영구히 보전하는 환경운동이다. |

11. 위 글을 읽고 아래 질문에 답할 때 가장 알맞은 것은? (4.2점)

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| Why did Beatrix leave all her land to the National Trust? |

1. Because she wanted to make a lot of money.
2. Because she wanted to develop tourism in the town.
3. Because she wanted to leave all her property to her children.
4. Because she didn’t want to protect the natural beauty of the Lake District.
5. Because she wanted to preserve the beautiful nature of the Lake District.

12. 위 글의 밑줄 친 (A)~(E)중 어법상 어색한 부분이 있는 것은? (3.7점)

① (A) ② (B) ③ (C) ④ (D) ⑤ (E)

[13-14] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

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| Do you know Peter Rabbit? It is the main character of Beatrix Potter’s famous book, *The Tale of Peter Rabbit*. Beatrix는 1866년 영국 런던에서 태어났다. She was quiet and shy. She raised rabbits, cats, and frogs in her home because she loved animals.  She liked drawing pictures of these animals. She also liked writing about them.  When she was 16 years old, Beatrix’s family went to a vacation to the Lake District.  There were a lot of beautiful lakes and mountains. Beatrix loved this place very much. |

13. 위 글을 읽고 Beatrix Potter에 관해 알 수 없는 것은? (3.4점)

① 취미 ② 성격 ③ 좋아했던 장소

④ 그녀가 쓴 책 제목 ⑤그녀의 첫 번째 책의 줄거리

14. 위 글의 밑줄 친 우리말을 영어로 바꾼 것 중 가장 알맞은 것은? (3.7점)

1. Beatrix was born in 1866 in London, England.
2. Beatrix was born in 1866 in England, London.
3. Beatrix was born on 1866 in England, London.
4. Beatrix was born on 1866 at London, England.
5. Beatrix was born on 1866 at England, London.

15. 빈 칸 (A) ~ (D) 중 의미상 ‘because’가 들어가기에 가장 알맞은 곳끼리 짝지어진 것은? (3.6점)

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| * She got up late (A) she was late for school. * The car was dirty (B) he washed his car. * The children went to bed early (C) they were tired. * Mom made a cake for me (D) it was my birthday. |

① (A), (B) ② (A), (C) ③ (B), (C)

④ (B), (D) ⑤ (C), (D)

16. 두 사람의 대화가 가장 어색한 것은? (3.6점)

1. A : How was your trip?

B : It was fantastic.

1. A : What will you do when you grow up?

B : well, I don’t know.

1. A : What was your plan for yesterday?

B : I am going on a picnic.

1. A : Where can I buy a Korean mask key chain?

B : You can get it in Insa-dong.

1. A : What are they making now?

B : A birthday cake for their mom.

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| Nasrredin and the Fish  Scence Ⅰ  A long time ago, Nassredin traveled to an old city in Turky.  (A)some day, Nasrredin meet a man, and they traveled together.  They walked a lot and (B)became hungry. So they went to a small restaurant.  THE OWNER OF THE RESTAUANT : What will you have?  NASRREDIN : I’ll have fish.  THE MAN :Me, too.  THE OWNER: We are very sorry, but we have only on fish in  the restaurant.  NASRREDN & THE MAN : That’s all right. We can  share.  THE OWNER : ALL right.  Scence Ⅱ  Nasrredin was very hungry, and he (C) wanted a whole fish. He thought (D) for a minute.  NASRREDIN : People in my town are very smart. Do you  know why?  THE MAN : I don’t know. Why?  NASRREDIN : It’s a secret. People in my town eat fish a lot,  but we eat only fish heads. Fish heads are  really good for the brain.  THE MAN : Really?  NASRREDIN : yes, fish heads have many good things for our  bodies. Fish brains (E) is good for our brains.  THE MAN : Are you sure?  NASRREDIN : Of course, I am. |

17. 밑줄 친 (A) ~ (E) 중, 어법상 가장 적절한 것은? (3.7점)

① (A) ② (B) ③ (C) ④ (D) ⑤ (E)

18. 위 글에 관한 설명으로 가장 알맞은 것은? (3.7점)

1. 글의 종류는 소설이다.
2. 주인공은 Nasrredin과 the fish이다.
3. 배경은 터키의 한 오래된 도시의 식당이다.
4. 등장인물 Nasttedin의 성격은 급하고 어리석다.
5. 갈등의 원인은 터키 사람들은 물고기 머리만 먹는다는 것이다.

|  |
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| Dr. Joy Browne  She studied medicine, she was an engineer in the NASA space program, and she wrote the best selling book Dating for Dummies. Meet America’s favorite source of radio-advice-Dr. Joy Browne.  Dr. Joy Browne has a daily radio show on New York’s WOR Radio Network, which can also be heard on 300 stations all over the US and Canada. She gives thoughtful and sometimes amusing advice on all kinds of problems. One minute she might be talking about marital problems and workplace issues, the next she’s discussing hit shows on Broadway and movies that she thinks are worth seeing.  (A) Unlike most of the her competitors, she’s a trained psychologist. (B) She has twice been voted Best Female Talk Show Host and was listed as one of the 15 greatest radio talk show hosts of all time.  (C) She frequently appears on TV shows, such as Oprah Winfrey and Larry King Live.  (D) She helps run summer camps for at-risk children and she provided counseling to families after the World Trade Center attack on September 11, 2001. (E) In her free time, she likes to go hot-air ballooning. |

19. 위 글의 Joy Browne에 관한 내용으로 가장 옳은 것은/ (3.6점)

1. 심리학자이기도 하다.
2. 현재 NASA에서 일하고 있다.
3. 그의 가장 친한 방송인은 오프리 윈프리와 래리 킹이다.
4. 방송 중 영화나 연극에 대해서 이야기하는 것을 꺼리는 편이다.
5. 미국과 캐나다에 300개의 기지국을 가지고 있는 TV방송국에서 일한다.

20. 위 글의 (A)~(E)중 아래 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은? (3.5점)

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| Dr. Joy Browne also does a lot of volunteer work. |

① (A) ② (B) ③ (C) ④ (D) ⑤ (E)

21. 어법상 가장 옳은 것은? (3.7점)

1. He will be back before.
2. You will be study hard.
3. She is going to takes a test.
4. They were going to went on a picnic.
5. I am going to have a farewell party tomorrow.

[서술형 2] 다음 문장과 같은 의미가 되도록 문장을 완성하라. (3점)

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| I can draw cartoons well. |

→ I am . (4 words)

[서술형 3] 주어진 문장을 감탄문으로 바꾸시오. (총6점)

(주어진 동사를 생략하지 말고 모두 쓸 것)

3-1) She is very beautiful.

! (4 words) (3점)

3-2) It was a very cold day.

!

(6 words) (3점)

[서술형 4] 빈 칸에 알맞은 말을 <보기>에서 골라 문장을 완성하시오. (총 6점)

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| <보기>  can, can’t, is, isn’t, was, went, swim, swam, tall |

4-1) Your sister , isn’t she? (2 words) (2점)

4-2) Your brother , can be? (2 words) (2점)

4-3) You and your sister to the park, didn’t you?

(1 words) (2점)

[서술형 5] 다음 대화의 빈 칸에 가장 알맞은 표현을 영어로 쓰시오. (총 6점)

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| A : (A) in the future?  B : I want to be a singer.  A : (B) a singer?  B : Because I like singing and dancing. |

5-1) (A) (6 words) (3점)

5-2) (B) (6 words) (3점)

**객관식**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **1** | **2** | **3** | **4** | **5** |
| ① | ③ | ① | ② | ④ |
| **6** | **7** | **8** | **9** | **10** |
| ② | ③ | ④ | ② | ② |
| **11** | **12** | **13** | **14** | **15** |
| ⑤ | ④ | ⑤ | ① | ⑤ |
| **16** | **17** | **18** | **19** | **20** |
| ③ | ④ | ③ | ① | ④ |
| **21** | **22** | **23** | **24** | **25** |
| ④ |  |  |  |  |

**서술형**

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| --- | --- |
| **1** | What are we going to have for lunch. |
| **2** | I am god at drawing cartoons. |
| **3** | 1) How beautiful she is!  2) What a cold day it was! |
| **4** | 1) is tall  2) can’t swim  3) went |
| **5** | (A) What are you going to be  (B) Why do you want to be |