범위: 10과~11과

강남구청 인터넷수능 * 윤재남 *

< 10과 >

- 1. 다음 중 그 설명이 잘못된 것은?1)
- ① renaissance: something becoming popular again after a time when people were not interested in it
- 2 potential: necessary abilities or qualities to become successful or useful in the future
- 3 cutting-edge: thin and sharp enough to cut through things very easily
- ④ savvy: having a good understanding and practical knowledge of something
- ⑤ futuristic: looking very modern and unusual, like something from the future
- * 다음 대화문을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

M: Hi, Jennifer. How's your life in Korea?

W: Well, (a) () () (), but some customs are hard to get used to.

M: Really? What kinds of customs are you talking about?

W: Well, for example, I have to take off my shoes when I enter some restaurants. Is there any special reason for this?

M: I think it's b() Koreans are c(

) to sitting on the floor when eating.

W: That makes sense. Now I understand.

- 2. 위 밑줄 친 @가 "지금까지는 괜찮아."의 뜻이 되도록 괄호에 알맞은 단어를 써넣으시 오.²⁾
- 3. 위 ⑤에 들어갈 알맞은 단어를 써넣으시오.3)
- 4. 위 ⓒ에 철자 a로 시작하는 "익숙한"이란 뜻의 단어를 써넣으시오.4)
- * 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Hi, Sujong! How's it going? I can't believe I'm finally in Korea! (A)[During / For] these first few days, I've been attending a seminar on the IT industry, (B)[which / why] is the main reason I came here. The rapid growth of Korea's IT industry is almost (C)[enough / too] much to believe. I knew that Korea was abig in semiconductors, but bit seems to be leading the way in next-generation IT, too.

- 5. 위 괄호 (A)~(C)에서 어법상 올바른 것을 고르시오.5)
- 6. 위 밑줄 친 @와 바꿔 쓸 수 있는 것은?6)
- ① heavy ② large ③ wide ④ deep
- 5 strong
- 7. 위 밑줄 친 ⑥가 가리키는 것을 본문에서 찾아 쓰시오.7)

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* 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

I've also learned that Korea has begun to @stand out in the BT and NT industries as well. It (A)[has / is] said that Korea has a large number of young scientists who are very creative and passionate. So I'm sure (B)[if / that] Korea will become a world leader in these new industries, just as (C)[it is / they are] in shipbuilding and steel production. What do you think, Sujong? Aren't I an expert on Korea now? I'll write again soon.

- 8. 밑줄 친 @의 뜻을 쓰시오.8)
- 9. 위 괄호 (A)~(C)에서 어법상 올바른 것을 고르시오.9)
- * 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Hey, Emma, I'm happy that you are learning a lot about Korea. (①) You're right. Korea, perhaps more than any other country, is (A)[transforming / transplanting] itself in IT, BT, and NT. (②) In particular, IT is the fastest growing industry in Korea. A big reason for this progress is that digital (B)[electronics / facilities] such as cell phones and digital cameras have been must-have items for millions of Koreans for years now. (③) This younger generation has been speeding up and funding the development of cutting-edge technologies and products. (④) They are making it (C)[able / possible] for Korea to develop and use futuristic technologies that are years ahead of those found in many other developed countries. (⑤)

10. 위 글에서 주어진 문장이 들어가기 가장 적절한 곳은?10)

We also have so many tech-savvy people who are highly interested in the latest digital devices, and always ready to spend on them.

- 11. 위 괄호 (A)~(C)에서 문맥상 올바른 것을 고르시오.11)
- 12. 아래 밑줄 친 @~@의 설명으로 적절하지 않은 것은?12)

- ① rich: 다채롭고 풍요한
- ② spirit: 정신이나 혼 ③ artisan: 장인이나 공예가
- ④ enduring: 참고 견디는
- ⑤ on: 계속 끊임없이

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13. 아래 괄호 (A)~(E)에서 문맥상 올바른 것을 고르시오.¹³⁾

Hi again, Sujong! I enjoyed reading your email, and I really agree with you. In (A)[spite / terms] of pop culture, Korea is experiencing a renaissance, so-called Korean Wave. From what I've read, Korean pop singers and TV shows are hugely popular in places like Japan, China, Taiwan, and Vietnam. So it's not an (B)[exaggeration / explanation] to say that a Korean Wave is (C)[sweating / sweeping] through Asia. I also know that many Korean film directors and actors have won top (D)[awards / rewards] at various world film festivals. At home, my friends and I also enjoy watching Korean movies as (E)[soon / well] as listening to Korean pop music.

14. 아래 괄호 (A)~(C)에서 어법상 올바른 것을 고르시오.¹⁴⁾

By the way, I went to Seoul's Dongdaemun market last night. (A)[How / What] an experience! It is the largest clothes market I've (B)[ever / never] seen. There were shoppers everywhere, even late at night. In fact, in some places, it was almost too crowded to walk down the street. While I was there, I could feel so much energy. I thought to myself, 'This must be the same force (C)[that / which] is driving the Korean economy.'

15. 아래 괄호 (A)~(C)에서 어법상 잘못된 것을 고르시오.15)

Sujong, there is so much I wanted to see and ①do while in Korea, but, sadly, my flight to London ②leaves this evening. However, I'll be taking many wonderful memories back with me. ③Next time I will come here, I'll be sure to make enough time to come to Jeju Island so that you and I can meet face to face at last. From all that I've experienced this week, I can see that ④ something very special is happening in Korea. ⑤Deeply rooted in rich tradition, the ancient and the modern, the East and the West all join together in amazing harmony here. Without a doubt, Korea is a rising star of the 21st century.

16. 다음 문장들을 주어진 단어로 시작하는 동일한 의미의 문장으로 전환하시오.16)
(1) It is said that Korea has a large number of young scientists.
= Korea
(2) I'm sure that Korea will become a world leader in these new industries.
= Korea
(3) It was too crowded to walk down the street.
= It was so
(4) I'll make enough time to come to Jeju Island so that we can meet face to face.
= to meet face to face

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17. 아래 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 잘못된 것은?17)

The growth of our IT industry, however, is just one part of Korea. We are a nation with a rich history, tradition, and culture of more than 5,000 years. So I ①do hope you'll have enough time to go sightseeing and experience the spirit and charm of Korea. Throughout Korea's long history, Korean artisans have produced ②enduring cultural treasures. These make up a rich part of our heritage, and that same spirit lives on today. The many Korean performers and artists who ③have been appeared on the world stage in recent years ④ represent ⑤another example of Korea's potential.

18. 아래 괄호 (A)~(C)에서 어법상 올바른 것을 고르시오.18)

Korea, perhaps more than (A)[all / any] other country, is itself in IT, BT, and NT. In particular, IT is the fastest growing industry in Korea. A big reason for this progress is (B)[that / which] digital electronics such as cell phones and digital cameras have been must-have items for (C)[million / millions] of Koreans for years now.

19. 아래 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 잘못된 것은?19)

We also have so many tech-savvy people who are ①highly interested in the ②latest digital devices, and always ready to spend on them. This younger generation has been speeding up and funding the development of cutting-edge technologies and products. They are ③making possible for Korea to develop and use futuristic technologies ④that are years ahead of ⑤those found in many other developed countries.

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< 11과 >

* 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

In recent years, many people have joined the growing movement for sustainable development. The goal of sustainable development is to balance the needs of people (a) (b) the protection of nature. (b) (c) (d) new ways to construct buildings. The buildings need to be economical and safe for the health of the people who use them, but they need to be safe for the environment at the same time. (A)[Calling / Called] "green buildings," these environmentally friendly schools, homes, and offices are (B)[designing / designed] to save energy and water, and make use of materials that do not damage the environment. They might not seem (C)[different / differently] from regular buildings, but take a closer look!

- 20. 위 괄호 @와 ⓒ에 공통으로 들어갈 전치사를 쓰시오.20)
- 21. 위 괄호 ⓑ에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?21)
- ① In addition
- ② For example
- 3 However

- 4 Therefore
- ⑤ In other words
- 22. 위 괄호 (A)~(C)에서 어법상 올바른 것을 고르시오.²²⁾
- * 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Generally, the bigger the windows are, the greener the building is. At Clackamas High School in Oregon, big windows mean lots of natural light and less need for electricity during the day. (①) In the evening, special sensors in the classrooms (A)[get / turn] off the lights automatically when the last student walks out @() () the use of electric lights is reduced even more. (2) A new research center at Oberlin College in Ohio was built with large windows facing south to (B)[make / take] advantage of the sun's warmth in winter, but that's not all! (3) Solar cells on the roof convert sunlight into electricity. (4) This electricity is stored in batteries (b)() (used later for lights, computers, and anything else that needs to be turned on. (⑤) The building even (C)[generates / releases] more electricity than it needs! This extra electricity is used in other buildings in the school that do not have these green systems.

23. 위 글에서 주어진 문장이 들어가기 가장 적절한 곳은?23)

The sun can supply natural heat as well as light.

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- 24. 위 @와 ⓑ에 공통으로 들어갈 단어를 쓰시오.24)
- 25. 위 괄호 (A)~(C)에서 문맥상 올바른 것을 고르시오.25)
- 26. 다음 중 어법상 잘못된 것을 고르시오.26)

Students at the Calhoun School in New York City have much more than a roof over their heads. They have an entire rooftop garden, with thick grass and colorful flowers. This green roof blocks ①more of the sun's heat than a regular roof, so it keeps the building cooler in summer. In winter, the plants and soil on the roof ②help keep heat inside the building ③from escaping. These rooftop gardens are becoming ④more and more popularly, and it's not just roofs ⑤that are going green.

* 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Only a small (A)[amount / number] of all the water on the Earth is fit for drinking, and in some places such as the Middle East and Africa, there isn't enough fresh water to @() demand. (b)() this in mind, green buildings use as (B)[few / little] fresh water as possible, and they usually reuse water (c)(). A new library in Santa Monica, California, was built with a special drainage system to collect rainwater from the roof and store (C)[it / itself] in a giant underground tank. Later, the rainwater is used in toilets and for watering the grass around the building.

- 27. 위 괄호 (A)~(C)에서 어법상 올바른 것을 고르시오.27)
- 28. 위 괄호 @에 "충족시키다"라는 뜻의 동사를 쓰시오. (첫 글자: m)²⁸⁾
- 29. 위 괄호 ⓑ에 "이것을 염두에 두고서"라는 뜻이 되도록 전치사를 쓰시오.29)
- 30. 위 괄호 ⓒ에 "또한"이라는 뜻의 숙어를 써넣으시오.30)
- 31. 다음 우리말의 의미가 되도록 주어진 단어들을 알맞게 배열하시오.³¹⁾ "더욱 많은 사람들이 건물에 대나무를 이용할수록, 세계의 숲을 구할 수 있는 가능성은 더 많아진다."
- → The more people use bamboo in buildings, (are, saving, the, our chances, are, better, the world's forests).

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32. 다음 중 어법상 잘못된 것을 고르시오.32)

Some builders have been reusing old materials just as they are but in new, creative ways. For example, in Anthony, New Mexico, volunteers built a Women's Cultural Center ①using old tires ②packed with dirt. Currently, only a small number of buildings have green features. But many cities have begun encouraging builders ③to use green technologies and materials, so the number of green buildings ④are on the rise. Slowly but surely, the buildings ⑤where we study, sleep, and work are becoming healthier and greener.

33. 다음 중 어법상 올바른 것을 고르시오.33)

The sun can supply natural heat as well as light. A new research center at Oberlin College in Ohio was built with large windows <u>Oface</u> south to take advantage of the sun's warmth in winter, but that's not all! Solar cells on the roof <u>Oconverts</u> sunlight into electricity. This electricity is stored in batteries so that <u>Oit</u> can be used later for lights, computers, and anything else that needs to <u>Other</u> on. The building even generates more electricity than it needs! This extra electricity is used in <u>Oanother</u> buildings in the school that do not have these green systems.

34. 괄호 안에 공통으로 들어갈 전치사를 쓰시오.34)

W: Hey, you look serious. What's up?

M: I'm reading a newspaper article about global warming.

W: Oh, really? What does it say?

M: According () this article, many coastal areas may be underwater by 2050 due () sea level rises.

W: That's really scary!

W. That S really Scary:

M: It says if we keep using more energy and producing more garbage, we can't avoid natural disasters like that.

W: Oh no! We have to do something to stop global warming.

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< 정답 >

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1) ③
2) so far so good
3) because
4) accustomed
5) (A) During (B) which (C) too
6) (5)
7) Korea
8) 두각을 나타내다
9) (A) is (B) that (C) it is
10) ③
11) (A) transforming (B) electronics (C) possible
12) ④
13) (A) terms (B) exaggeration (C) sweeping (D) awards (E) well
14) (A) What (B) ever (C) that 15) ③
16) (1) Korea is said to have a large number of young scientists. (2) Korea is sure
to become a world leader in these new industries. (3) It was so crowded that I
couldn't walk down the street. (4) I'll make enough time to come to Jeju Island in
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- (A) (B) (A) any (B) that (C) millions

order for us to meet face to face.

- 19) ③

- 20) with 21) ② 22) (A) Called (B) designed (C) different
- 23) ③
- 24) so that
- 25) (A) turn (B) take (C) generates
- 26) ④
- 27) (A) amount (B) little (C) it
- 28) meet
- 29) With
- 30) as well
- 31) the better our chances of saving the world's forests are
- 32) <u>4</u> 33) <u>3</u>
- 34) to