

# 유원 학원 고1 정기여 기출문제

1등급  
PMP

대치역 1번출구 565-8994/5

담당 이정민 선생 (010-2720-0678)

TEST 일시	2009년 7월 4일
TEST 범위	천재(이인기) 4~6과 6월 모의고사 / EBS 라디오듣기

듣기 평가 10문항은 한번만 들려드립니다.(각2점)

1. 다음을 듣고, 뮤지컬 추가 공연에 관한 내용과 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오.

- ① 공연 날짜는 12월 5일부터 12일까지이다.
- ② 공연 시각은 오후 1시와 3시이다.
- ③ 공연 티켓은 매표소에서만 구입할 수 있다.
- ④ 월요일에는 표를 구입할 수 없다.
- ⑤ 매표소 영업시간은 12시부터 오후8시까지이다.

2. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 돌아올 때 주행할 거리를 고르시오.

- ① 60km                      ② 65km                      ③ 70km
- ④ 125km                    ⑤ 135km

3. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 버스표 예매에 관한 내용과 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오.

- ① 첫차를 타고 갈 것이다.
- ② 시카고로 소송의뢰인을 만나러 간다.
- ③ 왕복표를 구입한다.
- ④ 저녁 8시에 도착하는 버스로 돌아올 것이다.
- ⑤ 저녁 9시에 아내와 영화구경을 갈 것이다.

4. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① I don't know what I should bring.
- ② It's not an easy way to bring.
- ③ Whenever you want to celebrate.
- ④ Nothing. Just bring yourself.
- ⑤ The gift shop opens until late night.

5. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람의 관계를 가장 잘 나타낸 것을 고르시오.

- ① parent - teacher                      ② secretary - employee
- ③ boss - customer                      ④ publisher - writer
- ⑤ reporter - writer

6. 다음을 듣고, 내일 예상되는 날씨를 고르시오.

- ① clear and warmer
- ② clear but cooler
- ③ cloudy and rainy
- ④ rainy and cooler
- ⑤ cloudy and cooler

7. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 휴대전화 서비스 중단 기간과 다시 개통하는 날짜가 바르게 짝지어진 것을 고르시오.

서비스 중단 기간	다시 개통하는 날
① 2주	6월 24일
② 2주	6월 25일
③ 3주	6월 23일
④ 3주	6월 24일
⑤ 3주	6월 25일

8. 대화를 듣고, Jamie가 시험을 보지 못한 이유를 고르시오.

- ① Jamie가 늦잠을 자서
- ② 교수가 독감에 걸려서
- ③ 조교수가 출근하지 않아서
- ④ 갑작스러운 교내 정전 때문에
- ⑤ 시험지가 분실되어서

9. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 잡지사로부터 사은품을 받게 된 이유를 고르시오.

- ① 처음으로 구독했으므로
- ② 구독 갱신을 했으므로
- ③ 사은행사에 당첨되었으므로
- ④ 잡지에 글을 실었으므로
- ⑤ 새 구독자를 소개해주었으므로

10. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 대화하고 있는 장소로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 공원
- ② 호텔
- ③ 버스정류장
- ④ 관광안내소
- ⑤ 택시

이제 듣기 문제는 모두 끝났습니다.

다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.[11~12번]

In each of these stories, the characters tell only part of the truth. As you read, try to figure out what the (a)characters do not say. What is the whole truth? What are lies?

## The Cookie Jar

Helen's mother had finished baking some cookies when a neighbor came over and asked for help.

"I'll come back in a few minutes," said her mother as she put the cookies into the cookie jar. "Don't touch the cookies while I'm next door. These are for the party tonight." When Helen's mother returned and checked the cookie jar, there was only one cookie left.

"Helen!" she called as she ran up the stairs. "(b)\_\_\_\_\_ those cookies I made for the party tonight."

"I didn't touch one," said Helen. "Well, they sure didn't fly away on their own! You can stay in your room until you decide to tell the truth." What is the truth, the whole truth? And where's the lie?

11. 위 글의 밑줄 친 (a)와 같은 의미로 쓰인 것은?(2.3점)-[4과]11

- ① My roommate Jane has a strong character.
- ② Each chinese character has its own meaning.
- ③ I didn't like the main character in the book.
- ④ My client is a man of good character.
- ⑤ The password may be up to 12 characters long.

12. 위 글의 밑줄 친 (b)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?(2.6점)-[4과]12

- ① You should have eaten
- ② You must not eat
- ③ You shouldn't have eaten
- ④ You cannot have eaten
- ⑤ You must eat

다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.[13번, 서술형 1번]

[ A ] (a)A man was being led through town on his way to prison. His hands were chained behind his back, and one of his legs was chained to the officer who was leading (b)him. As the two men neared the village square, one of the neighbors of (c)the arrested man passed by. "What have you done? Why are you in chains and sentenced to prison?" The chained man said, "I picked up a

rope that I had found on the ground." "You poor man!" said the neighbor.

"The judge must not have been paying attention to what you said." "I know. It's terrible. Please tell (d)him to set me free." The man being taken to prison told the truth, but (e)he was not innocent.

What is the truth, the whole truth? And where's the lie?

## [ B ] The Whole Truth

While it was true that the man was sentenced to prison for pick up a rope, he was laying by what he did not say. The rope he picked up was tied to a cow.

13. 위 글 [ A ]의 (a)~(e)중 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?(2.4점)-[4과]13

- ① (a)    ② (b)    ③ (c)    ④ (d)    ⑤ (e)

14. [서술형 1번] 위 글 [ B ]에서 어색한 부분 두 곳을 찾아 바르게 고쳐 쓰시오.(각2점씩)(수정 후만 쓰면 0점 처리함)-[4과]14

어색한 부분 → 수정 후

- (1) \_\_\_\_\_ → \_\_\_\_\_
- (2) \_\_\_\_\_ → \_\_\_\_\_

15. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? (2.7점)-[4과 Activity]15

Once upon a time, a baby frog and a baby snake met and played all day long. They played "hide and hug." What a fun game! That night the baby frog told his mom about the game he had played. "No, no!"said his mom. "Hide and hug is not a game you should play. It's a game for snakes only. Promise me you will never play with him again." Also that night the baby snake told his mom what he had played that day. "No, no!" said his mom."Hide and hug is not just a game. It's what you must do. Promise me you will do that the next time you meet him. Then, you will be full." \_\_\_\_\_.

- ① Now we know why frogs and snakes will like playing games together.
- ② That's why frogs and snakes will play games together.
- ③ Now we know why frogs and snakes won't be found playing games together.
- ④ That's because mother frogs want their babies to play games with snakes.
- ⑤ Now we know why frogs will kill snakes playing games together.

16. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?(2.4점)-[6월 모의 19번]16)

Movies may seem to be just amusement and entertainment, but to me, they are the best answer ①to the loneliness and boredom of my life. In movies I meet wonderful people and see places I would never be able to see. They are a time machine, ②taking us back into the past or even ③giving us a glimpse of the future. From ancient Egypt to Star Wars, they are a trip through time. Another reason I like movies is ④what for a few hours in the dark, I can feel that all people in the audience are on my side. They may be strangers, but we laugh and cry together. Movies can be thrilling or ⑤joyous. They take us away from our sadness and problems.

17. 다음 글의 전체적 흐름상 가장 어울리지 않는 문장은?(2.6점)-[6월 모의 22번]17)

The unforgettable musical, *Rent*, has been performed 5,140 times since the show opened in 1996. ①It generated such support that fans who saw the production many times came to be known as 'Rent-heads.' ②Larson was an American compose and playwright from New York City who created musicals. One of the numerous reasons fans kept coming back is that the characters in the show are very realistic. Larson wrote *Rent* based on Puccini's opera, *La Boheme*. ③But its characters are quite different from those in the opera. ④Upon its opening on Broadway, this show brought controversy, especially when it came to more conservative, middle-aged audiences. ⑤But after receiving a glowing review from the press, *Rent* became the hottest ticket in town.

18. (A), (B), (C)의 각 괄호 안에서 문맥 및 어법에 맞는 낱말을 골라 짝지은 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?(2.5점)-[5과]18)

It all started (A)[while / during] the Bangladeshi famine of 1974, when a lot of people were dying of hunger. Muhammad Yunus was teaching economics at the University of Chittagong in his hometown. He happened to find a group of families who were trying to survive the famine. He made a small loan of \$27 to the group so that they could buy bamboo and make furniture for a living. He believed that if such small loans were made available to a wide population, it could get rid of rural poverty in Bangladesh. What was important in such loans (B)[was / were] to help those who help themselves. His idea of giving people small loans was soon developed into a bank system (C)[calling / called] "microcredit."

- |   | (A)    | (B)  | (C)     |
|---|--------|------|---------|
| ① | while  | were | called  |
| ② | while  | were | calling |
| ③ | during | were | called  |
| ④ | during | was  | called  |
| ⑤ | during | was  | calling |

19. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.(2.8점-[5과]19)

On October 13, 2006, the Nobel Committee awarded the Grameen Bank and founder Muhammad Yunus the Nobel Peace Prize "for their efforts to create economic and social development from below." Yunus is the first and so far only Bangladeshi to win the award. "Lasting peace cannot be achieved unless large population groups find ways to break out of poverty. Microcredit is one such means. Development from below also serves to advance democracy and human rights," announced the committee.

- ① What is Nobel Committee?
- ② What are some ways to advance democracy?
- ③ How important is the "development from below"?
- ④ Why are many people still suffering from poverty?
- ⑤ What are the achievements of Muhammad Yunus?

다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.[20~21번]

In 1976, he founded the Grameen Bank to make loans to poor Bangladeshis so they could start businesses with the money. The microcredit project also puts its emphasis on lending specifically to women. More than 96 % of Grameen loans have gone to women, who suffer from poverty and who are more likely than men to devote their earnings to their families.

The success of the Grameen model has started similar efforts throughout the developing world and even in developed countries, including the United States. ①The state of Arkansas in the U.S. introduced the microcredit system in the late 1980s and established the Grameen Bank in several cities. ②The bank today continues to expand across the world, providing small loans to the rural poor. ③Poverty does not belong in civilized human society. ④As of mid-2006, the Grameen Bank has opened branches in 23 countries. ⑤In addition, it has loaned more than \$5.1 billion to 5.3 million borrowers.

20. 위 글에서 확인할 수 없는 내용을 고르시오.  
(2.5점)-[5과]20)

- ① Grameen Bank was first founded in order to lend money to the poor in Bangladesh.
- ② Women have more earnings than men in Bangladesh.
- ③ Most of the Grameen Bank loans are given to women.
- ④ The grameen model is popular in developed countries also.
- ⑤ As of 2006, the Grameen Bank is still popular throughout the world.

21. 위 글의 ①~⑤중, 글 전체의 흐름과 관계없는 문장은?(2.2점)-[5과]21)

22. 다음 대화문의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?(2.2점)-[5과]22)

M: Hello?  
W: Hello. I heard that you ①had given flowers to Jenny.  
M: What?  
W: I can't believe it! Didn't you say you only ②liked me?  
M: I don't know what you ③are talking about. Who are you?  
W: Isn't this Minho?  
M: I think you've ④got the wrong number.  
W: Oh, I'm sorry! I thought you ⑤are Minho!

23. 다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것끼리 짝지어진 것은?(2.5점)-[6월 모의 28번]23)

Some people see something happen in a dream and then experience the same thing later in real life. Immediately after the Titanic sank in the Atlantic Ocean, there were at least two dozen reports of people who canceled their trip because of predictive dreams they had about the sinking. No one knows how many had the same warning and ignored it, going to a death they could have avoided. There was one businessman that had the same predictive dream three times and chose to ignore the warning. He still tended to make the trip until a sudden turn in business forced him to give it up.

Some dreams tend to make (A)\_\_\_\_\_ so that people can (B)\_\_\_\_\_ some dangerous events.

- | (A)            | (B)            |
|----------------|----------------|
| ① predictions  | keep away from |
| ② impressions  | be exposed to  |
| ③ judgements   | be free from   |
| ④ expectations | suffer from    |
| ⑤ expansions   | get rid of     |

24. 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?(2.8점)-[6월 모의 31번]24)

Eating has always been one of the greatest ways for people \_\_\_\_\_. Families who eat together around a table have a conversation regularly over meals. As a result, this makes family unity strong and develops more affection for one another and a greater sense of belonging. Furthermore, a Penn State study found that many of the students with high reading abilities are from families who eat together : They are exposed to more extensive vocabularies and learn to express themselves better than those who do not eat together.

- ① to improve reading skills
- ② to learn general table manners
- ③ to learn a variety of vocabularies
- ④ to develop an intimate relationship
- ⑤ to practice speaking with other people

25. [서술형 2] 다음의 상황을 읽고, 글쓰이가 마지막에 했을 말에서 빈칸 (A)와 (B)를 괄호 안에 주어진 단어를 이용하여 완성하십시오(시제에 유의하십시오)(3점)-[5과 가정법 응용문제]25)

Yesterday I went to the library with a friend to study for the exams. Then I realized that I had some homework to do. I needed a computer to do the homework, but there was no computer in the library. I was sorry that I had left my laptop computer at home. I could (A)(do) my homework there, if I (B)(take) my laptop computer.

26. 다음 글에 드러난 'I'의 심경으로 적절하지 않은 것은?(2.5점)-[6과]26)

Hello. I'm in my fifties and have some difficulty understanding my children. At dinner, they don't rush to the table. My seventeen-year-old daughter is always busy checking her e-mail, listening to music and talking on the phone all at the same time. My son is always watching TV, playing on the computer and sending text messages to his friends. I doubt they can do that many things at the same time efficiently. I think doing several things at once prevents them from concentrating, but they deny it. Are they right? Am I old or just too sensitive?

- ① confused      ② unsatisfied      ③ relieved  
④ annoyed      ⑤ puzzled

27. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.[27~28, 서술형3]

ghost12 : We teenagers today are all very used to computers, cell phones, and video games. We are good at using these all at the same time. (A) This ability has allowed us to access a lot of data and to communicate with each other instantly.

galaxy : At the office, my work is often interrupted, bothered, and slowed down by telephone calls, instant messages, and faxes. There are always several things going on at the same time and I ①rarely focus on one thing. I can imagine students are not very different from me.

shygirl : Human beings have always had the capacity to attend to several things at once. Mothers have done it ②since the hunter-gatherer era: picking fruit while feeding their baby and

setting the table ③with one eye on the baby. Electronic multitasking is not entirely new as well: my parents drive while listening to the radio. What's the difference?

wiseman : According to recent research, kids who ④spends 6.5 hours a day using electronic media are actually exposed to 8.5 hours due to media multitasking. The brain can only process a certain amount of information at one time. A little stimulation like pop music can help make someone more productive, but the brain cannot handle too much. Constant multitasking overloads the brain's capacity to process information. This results in kids ⑤having trouble concentrating.

27. 의견이 일치하는 사람들로 짝지어진 것은? (2.3점)-[6과]27)

- ① ghost12, galaxy      ② ghost12, shygirl  
③ shygirl, wiseman      ④ ghost12, galaxy, shygirl  
⑤ galaxy, shygirl, wiseman

28. 위 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은? (2.7점)-[6과]28)

29. [서술형 3] 밑줄 친 (A)의 문장을 다음과 같이 바꾸려고 할때 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 반드시 본문에서 찾아 쓰시오.(3점)-[6과]29)

We can access a lot of data and communicate with each other instantly \_\_\_\_\_ this ability.

30. 다음 밑줄 친 문장의 성격이 나머지와 다른 하나는?(2.2점)-[6과 Activity]30)

Maria : ①We should not chew gum at school—not even in the cafeteria. Who made that rule? I'd like to chew gum after lunch, but I can't. I don't think this is a good rule.

Saori : ②The students at my school can't have part-time jobs after school or during vacations.

③It seems to be a good rule. Students need all their time to study.

Ian : ④We wear uniforms. Male students have to wear blue pants and white shirts. I don't think it's bad. ⑤I don't have to decide what to wear in the morning. This saves me time.



**31.** 다음 비교급 문장 중 틀린 것을 고르시오.  
(2.8점)-[6과]<sup>31)</sup>

- ① Research tells us that pro gamers respond faster than ordinary people.
- ② Baekdusan is higher than Hallasan.
- ③ The final term test was much more difficult than the midterm test.
- ④ I feel a little better than I did yesterday.
- ⑤ Coolshot has large memory capacity than Bestshot.

**32.** 다음 글의 빈칸에 들억= 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.(2.6점)-[6월 모의 38번]

When writers want to convince people of something, they generally rely on \_\_\_\_\_ : appealing to the reader's sense of logic and appealing to the reader's emotions. When writers rely only on appeals to emotion, they neglect to provide any real evidence for why readers should believe what they say. Writers who rely solely on emotional appeals usually hope to get their readers so angry, scared, or excited that they will forget to look for reason or sense in the argument. Unfortunately, many readers aren't aware of this strategy, so they may accept arguments that are unfounded, misleading, or both.

- ① two means of persuasion
- ② every poetic expression
- ③ their own experiences
- ④ reader's emotions
- ⑤ clear and exact evidence

**33.** 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?(2.4점)-[6월 모의41번]<sup>32)</sup>

On Valentine's Day, millions of people exchange heart-shaped gifts of all kinds, from candy to cards. But did you know that the human heart does not actually look like the typical valentine shape? The human heart resembles the shape and size of a fist. The heart is a muscle with lots of blood supplied to it. In people who are overweight, the heart looks yellow because it is covered with yellow fat. Most people have heard that the heart is on the left side of the chest. In reality, the heart is in the middle of the chest, placed between the two lungs. To push blood, an average heart beats a hundred thousand times a day. It means that in a lifetime, the average human heart will beat more than two and a half billion times.

- ① 발렌타이 데이에는 갖가지 선물을 주고 받는다.
- ② 실제 인간의 심장은 발렌타인 선물 모양과는 다르다.
- ③ 심장은 몸속의 혈관을 보호하는 근육을 말한다.
- ④ 우리 상식과는 다르게 심장은 가슴 가운데에 있다.
- ⑤ 일반적으로 심장은 평생 동안 25억번 이상 박동한다.

- The End -

## [2009] 1-1기말 경기여(전체-인) : 4~6과

듣기평가 1~10번 문항 정답 생략

- 11) ③
- 12) ③
- 13) ④
- 14) [서술형 1번]
  - (1) pick → picking
  - (2) laying → lying
- 15) ③
- 16) ④ what→that
- 17) ②
- 18) ④
- 19) ⑤
- 20) ②
- 21) ③
- 22) ⑤
- 23) ①
- 24) ⑤
- 25) [서술형 2] (A) have done, (B) had taken
- 26) ③
- 27) ②
- 28) ④ spends→spend
- 29) [서술형 3] due to
- 30) ③ : Opinion / 나머지는 Facts
- 31) ⑤ large→larger
- 32) ③